

Financial statements

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission

December 31, 2022

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# Independent auditor's report

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To the Board Members of the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Taxpayers of the Corporation of the City of Welland

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission ("the Commission"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets (debt) and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the **Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission** as at December 31, 2022, and its results of operations, its changes in its net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Commission in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Commission or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Commission's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Commission to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mississauga, Canada March 30, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

# Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Budget 2022	Actual 2022	Actual 2021
Revenue  Bequest Grants (Note 3) Rentals Recovered property taxes Interest Donations Fuel net earnings (Schedule 1) Other	\$ - 154,770 140,150 34,000 - 23,600 18,500 371,020	\$ 226,543 154,770 89,898 34,507 4,453 3,166 5,293 82,213 600,843	\$ - 154,770 89,363 26,685 474 1,558 12,100 1,256 286,206
Expenses  Amortization of tangible capital assets Honorariums Insurance Interest Interest on loans Light, heat and water Office Professional fees Promotion and marketing Property taxes (Note 10) Repairs and maintenance Salaries and wages	80,000 1,700 15,000 95,820 4,700 5,600 31,420 1,000 65,000 32,000 38,780 371,020	98,247 904 14,331 - 11,334 3,146 6,344 31,766 4,000 54,719 52,741 9,970 287,502	80,269 2,517 13,396 1,644 11,835 2,704 4,181 35,833 200 46,262 23,924 8,007 230,772
Annual surplus	-	313,341	55,434
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	1,349,272	_1,349,272	1,293,838
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 1,349,272	\$ 1,662,613	\$ 1,349,272

# Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) Year ended December 31, 2022

	_	Budget 2022	_	Actual 2022		Actual 2021
Annual surplus	\$	-	\$	313,341	\$	55,434
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets, net	_	80,000	_	98,247 (301,793) (203,546)		80,269 (25,289) 110,414
Purchase of fuel inventory Sale of fuel inventory	_	(78,400) 102,000 23,600	-	(56,940) 65,047 8,107		(99,530) 91,277 (8,253)
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses	_		_	(14,738) 14,783 45	-	(14,783) 15,040 257
Decrease in net debt		103,600		117,947		102,418
Net debt, beginning of year	_	(110,620)	_	(110,620)		(213,038)
Net financial assets (debt), end of year	\$_	(7,020)	\$_	7,327	\$.	(110,620)

# Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2022	2021
Financial assets Cash Investments (Note 6) Accounts receivable	\$ 91,278 200,000 34,503 325,781	\$ 124,825 155,630 6,485 286,940
Financial liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4) Loans payable (Note 5) Capital lease obligation (Note 9)	40,758 253,160 24,536 318,454	30,376 334,557 32,627 397,560
Net financial assets (debt)	7,327	(110,620)
Non-financial assets Prepaid expenses Fuel inventory Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	14,738 15,805 1,624,743 1,655,286	14,783 23,912 1,421,197 1,459,892
Accumulated surplus (Note 7)	\$_1,662,613	\$ 1,349,272

Approved on behalf of the Commission

# Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31		2022		2021
Net inflow (outflow) of cash related to the following activit	ies:			
Operating	Steve			
Annual surplus	\$	313,341	\$	55,434
Non-cash changes to operations  Amortization of tangible capital assets		98,247		80,269
Changes in non-cash assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses		(28,018) 45		25,803 257
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable And accrued liabilities Decrease (increase) in fuel inventory		10,382 8,107		(37,505)
Decrease (morease) in facility entory	_	402,104	_	(8,253) 116,005
Investing Purchase of investments Proceeds from investments Acquisition of tangible capital assets, net	_	(826,472) 782,102 (301,793)	_	(155,630) 154,947 (25,289)
	-	(346,163)	-	(25,972)
Financing Repayment of capital lease Repayment of loans payable	-	(8,091) (81,397) (89,488)	-	(7,454) (39,874) (47,328)
(Decrease) increase in cash		(33,547)		42,705
Cash, beginning of year	_	124,825	_	82,120
Cash, end of year	\$_	91,278	\$_	124,825

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### Nature of operations

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission (the "Commission") operates a three-runway airport offering a year-round fixed-base operation. The Commission is funded by the four nearby municipalities; City of Welland, City of Port Colborne, Town of Pelham and the Township of Wainfleet.

All earnings of the Commission are retained and reinvested in airport operations and development.

# 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PSAS"), and reflect the following significant accounting policies:

### Reporting entity

The financial statements reflect the financial assets, financial liabilities, non-financial assets, revenues, expenses and changes in accumulated surplus of the Commission.

### **Budget figures**

The budget approved by the Commission for 2022 is reflected on the statements of operations and accumulated surplus and change in net financial assets (debt).

### Investment

Investments consist of guaranteed income certificates which are recorded at amortized cost.

### Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Contributed or donated tangible capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt. The cost, less residual value, if any, of tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis, over the expected useful life of the asset, as follows:

Asset	Useful Life
Runways, taxiways and aprons	7 years
Buildings	20 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 20 years
Infrastructure	10 to 20 years
Office equipment	5 years
Website	2 years

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# 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

### Revenue recognition

Grants are recognized when approved to the extent the related expenses have been incurred and collection can be reasonably assured.

Rentals, fuel and other revenues are recorded when the services are performed or goods are delivered and collection is reasonably assured.

### Reserves for future expenses

Certain amounts, as approved by the Commission, are set aside in reserves for future operating and capital expenses.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events and actions that the Commission may undertake in the future. Significant accounting estimates include accrued liabilities, useful lives of tangible capital assets and allowance for doubtful accounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates and may have an impact on future periods.

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3. Grants		2022		2021
Operating				
City of Welland	\$	86,671	\$	86,671
City of Port Colborne		29,406		29,406
Town of Pelham		27,858		27,858
Township of Wainfleet		10,835		10,835
			_	.0,000
	\$	154,770	\$	154,770
		104,770	Ψ	104,770
4. Accounts payable		0000		2224
T. Accounts payable		2022		2021
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$	40,548	\$	29,247
Payable to Township of Wainfleet	•	40,040	Ψ	
,	-		_	1,129
	\$	40 E40	\$	20 276
	Ψ.	40,548	Φ_	30,376
E Leene muchli	X			
5. Loans payable		<u>2022</u>		2021
Due to the City of Welland, bearing interest of 4.3% per				
annum repayable in annual blended instalments of				
\$12,123 commencing June 15, 2019, due June 15,				
2028.				100000
2020.	\$	64,412	\$	73,653
Due to the O't - CIM-III I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
Due to the City of Welland, bearing interest of 3.5% per				
annum repayable in annual blended instalments of				
\$16,533 commencing June 15, 2018, due June 15,				
2027.		76,073		89,779
		,		,
Due to the City of Port Colborne, bearing interest of				
4.3% per annum repayable in annual blended				
instalments of \$4,113 commencing August 24, 2019,				
due August 24, 2028.		04 670		04.700
ddc Adgust 24, 2020.		21,678		24,788
Due to the City of Bort Callage				
Due to the City of Port Colborne, bearing interest of				
3.5% per annum repayable in annual blended				
instalments of \$6,012 commencing June 15, 2018, due				
June 15, 2027.		27,663		32,647
Due to the Town of Pelham, bearing interest of 4.3%				
per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of				
\$3,897 commencing June 15, 2019, due June 15, 2028.		20,704		23,674
, ===, ===		_0,107		20,014
Due to the Town of Pelham, bearing interest of 3.5%				
per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of				
\$5,411 commencing June 15, 2018, due June 15, 2027.		24 967		20 200
7-7		24,867		29,382

December 31, 2022

5. Loans payable (continued)	2022	2021
Due to the Township of Wainfleet, bearing interest of 4.3% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of \$1,515 commencing June 15, 2019, due June 15, 2028.	8,052	9,207
Due to the Township of Wainfleet, bearing interest of 3.5% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of \$2,104 commencing June 15, 2018, due June 15, 2027.	9,682	11,427
0410 10, 2021.	0,002	11,121
Canada Emergency Business Account Loan.		40,000
	253,131	334,557
Amounts relating to interest expense	5,020	5,870
Balance, end of year	\$248,111	\$ 328,687

The Canada Emergency Business Account ("CEBA") is a government assistance program implemented by eligible financial institutions in cooperation with Export Development Canada. The loan was fully repaid at December 31, 2022.

Principal repayments required on loans payable for the next five years consist of the following:

2023 2024 2025 2026 2026 Thereafter	\$	42,126 43,735 45,406 47,142 48,945 20,757		
	\$_	248,111		
6. Investments		2022		2021
Term deposit maturing January 28, 2023, bearing interest at 3.0% per annum.	\$	200,000	\$	
Term deposit matured May 7, 2022, bearing interest at 0.45% per annum.		-		30,630
Term deposit, matured February 13, 2022, bearing interest at 0.5% per annum.	_		_	125,000
	\$_	200,000	\$_	155,630

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7.	Accumulated surplus	2022		2021
	sists of Operating deficit Reserves (Note 8) Investment in tangible capital assets	\$ (95,133) 157,539 1,600,207	\$	(55,462) 16,164 1,388,570
		\$ 1,662,613	\$_	1,349,272
8.	Reserves	2022		2021
	erves set aside for specific purposes			
	Capital expenditures Balance, beginning of year Transfer of funds from operations Funds used to acquire tangible capital assets	\$ 16,164 300,000 (158,625)	\$	16,164
	Balance, end of year	\$ 157,539	\$_	16,164

# 9. Obligations under capital lease

The Commission has leased tractor equipment under a capital lease. The lease bears interest at 3.9% and is secured with the underlying equipment. Principal and interest payments due in the next three years are as follows:

		2022
Principal 2023 2024 2025	\$	9,112 9,112 7,594
Imputed interest	_	25,818 (1,282)
Balance, end of year	\$	24,536

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# 10. Related party transactions

The Commission is funded by the four nearby municipalities: City of Welland, City of Port Colborne, Town of Pelham and the Township of Wainfleet (Note 3). These four municipalities each have a non-controlling interest in the Commission.

Property taxes of \$54,718 (2021 - \$46,262) were paid to the Town of Pelham. All transactions are in the normal course of operations and are recorded at the exchange value.

### 11. Comparative figures

Comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation of the 2022 financial statements.

# Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Schedule 1 – Schedule of Fuel Operations

Year ended December 31		2022		2021
Sales	\$_	70,340	\$_	103,377
Cost of sales Inventory, beginning of year Purchases	_	23,912 56,940 80,852	-	15,659 99,530 115,189
Inventory, end of year	_	15,805 65,047	-	23,912 91,277
Net earnings	\$_	5,293	\$_	12,100

# Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Schedule 2 – Schedule of Tangible Assets

Year ended December 31, 2022

2021	\$ 3,898,220 25,289	3,923,509	2,422,043 80,269 2,502,312	\$ 1,421,197
2022	3,923,509 301,792	4,225,301	2,502,312 98,246 2,600,558	\$ 1,624,743
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Website	6,675	6,675	1,668	5,007
I	€9-		1.1	ا ي
Office equipment	\$ 6,932	8,151	2,906 1,017 3,923	4,228
9	12 27 '	121	2 5 5	91
Infrastructure	133,251	243,393	121,732 7,321 129,053	114,340
드	↔		1 1	ω
Machinery and equipment	\$ 147,559 178,556	326,115	70,696 20,493 91,189	\$ 234,926
Buildings	553,873	559,073	439,870 11,928 451,798	107,275
/S  S	4 , ,1	41	∞ ⊝  ∞	9,
Railways taxiways and aprons	\$ 2,032,94	2,032,944	1,867,108 55,820 1,922,928	110,01
Land	\$ 1,048,950 \$ 2,032,944	1,048,950		\$ 1,048,950 \$ 110,016
	Cost  Beginning of year Add: additions during the year Less: credit received for runway	End of year	Accumulated amortization Beginning of year Add: amortization for the year End of year	Net Book Value of Tangible Capital Assets