

Financial statements

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission

December 31, 2021

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Independent auditor's report

To the Board Members of the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Taxpayers of the Corporation of the City of Welland

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission ("the Commission"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations, its changes in its net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Commission in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matter

The financial statements of the Commission for the year ended December 31, 2020 were audited by another practitioner who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on May 13, 2021.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern

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and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Commission or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Commission's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Commission to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Grant Thornton LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Mississauga, Canada March 31, 2022

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Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of operations and accumulated surplus

Year ended December 31, 2021

		Budget 2021		Actual 2021		Actual 2020
Revenue Grants (Note 3) Rentals Recovered property taxes Fuel net earnings (Schedule 1) Donations Other Interest	\$	154,770 89,000 23,650 28,076 -	\$	154,770 89,363 26,685 12,100 1,558 1,256 474	\$	154,770 85,139 26,279 4,956 35 138
interest	_	295,496		286,206	-	271,316
Expenses Amortization of tangible capital assets Consulting Honorariums Insurance Interest Interest on loans Legal, audit and accounting Light, heat and water Office Promotion and marketing Property taxes (Note 10) Repairs and maintenance Salaries and wages	_	80,000 1,200 500 13,247 9,120 64,479 17,900 4,800 5,000 1,500 45,800 23,250 28,700 295,496		80,269 27,975 2,517 13,396 1,644 11,835 7,858 2,704 4,181 200 46,262 23,924 8,007 230,772	-	73,244 6,633 1,275 13,961 902 14,060 16,437 4,119 7,881 838 49,512 39,099 <u>69,146</u> 297,107
Annual surplus (deficit)		-		55,434		(25,790)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	_	<u>1,293,838</u>	-	1,293,838		1,319,628
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$_	1,293,838	\$	1,349,272	\$	1,293,838

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of change in net debt Year ended December 31, 2021

	_	Budget 2021	_	Actual 2021	-	Actual 2020
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	(80,000)	\$	55,434	\$	(25,790)
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets, net	_	80,000 	_	80,269 <u>(25,289)</u> 110,414	-	73,244 (56,558) (9,104)
Purchase of fuel inventory Sale of fuel inventory	_	(58,771) <u>58,771</u> -	_	(99,530) <u>91,277</u> (8,253)	-	(62,948) 72,974 10,026
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses	_	- 	_	(14,783) <u>15,040</u> 257	-	(15,040) <u>16,753</u> <u>1,713</u>
Decrease in net debt		-		102,418		2,635
Net debt, beginning of year	_	(213,038)	_	(213,038)	-	(215,673)
Net debt, end of year	\$_	(213,038)	\$_	(110,620)	\$	(213,038)

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of financial position

December 31	2021	2020
Financial assets	\$ 124,825	\$ 82,120
Cash	155,630	154,947
Investments (Note 6)	<u>6,485</u>	<u>32,288</u>
Accounts receivable	286,940	269,355
Financial liabilities	30,376	67,881
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)	334,557	374,431
Loans payable (Note 5)	<u>32,627</u>	<u>40,081</u>
Capital lease obligation (Note 9)	<u>397,560</u>	<u>482,393</u>
Net debt	(110,620)	(213,038)
Non-financial assets	14,783	15,040
Prepaid expenses	23,912	15,659
Fuel inventory	<u>1,421,197</u>	<u>1,476,177</u>
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	_1,459,892	_1,506,876
Accumulated surplus (Note 7)	\$_1,349,272	\$_1,293,838

Contingencies (Note 11)

Approved on behalf of the Commission

le Fellen Chair

_ Chair

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Statement of cash flows

Year ended December 31	2021	2020
Net inflow (outflow) of cash related to the following activit	ies:	
Operating Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 55,434	\$ (25,790)
Non-cash changes to operations Amortization of tangible capital assets Changes in non-cash assets and liabilities	80,269	73,244
Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses (Decrease) increase in accounts payable	25,803 257	10,785 1,713
and accrued liabilities (Increase) decrease in fuel inventory	(37,505) <u>(8,253)</u> <u>116,005</u>	
Investing Purchase of investments Proceeds from investments Acquisition of tangible capital assets, net	(155,630) 154,947 <u>(25,289)</u> (25,972)	-
Financing Repayment of capital lease Advance of loans payable Repayment of loans payable	(7,454) - <u>(39,874)</u> (47,328)	(7,392) 40,000 <u>(38,409</u>) <u>(5,801</u>)
Increase (decrease) in cash	42,705	(116,495)
Cash, beginning of year	82,120	198,615
Cash, end of year	\$124,825	\$ 82,120

December 31, 2021

1. Nature of operations

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission (the "Commission") operates a tworunway airport offering a year-round fixed-base operation. The Commission is funded by the four nearby municipalities; City of Welland, City of Port Colborne, Town of Pelham and the Township of Wainfleet.

All earnings of the Commission are retained and reinvested in airport operations and development.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PSAS"), and reflect the following significant accounting policies:

Reporting entity

The financial statements reflect the financial assets, financial liabilities, non-financial assets, revenues, expenses and changes in accumulated surplus of the Commission.

Budget figures

The budget approved by the Commission for 2021 is reflected on the statements of operations and accumulated surplus and change in net debt.

Investment

Investments consist of guaranteed income certificates which are recorded at amortized cost.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Contributed or donated tangible capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt. The cost, less residual value, if any, of tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis, over the expected useful life of the asset, as follows:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Runways, taxiways and aprons	7 years
Buildings	20 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 20 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Office equipment	5 years

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2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Revenue recognition

Grants are recognized when approved to the extent the related expenses have been incurred and collection can be reasonably assured.

Rentals, fuel and other revenues are recorded when the services are performed or goods are delivered and collection is reasonably assured.

Reserves for future expenses

Certain amounts, as approved by the Commission, are set aside in reserves for future operating and capital expenses.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events and actions that the Commission may undertake in the future. Significant accounting estimates include accrued liabilities, useful lives of tangible capital assets and allowance for doubtful accounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates and may have an impact on future periods.

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3. Grants		2021		2020
Operating City of Welland City of Port Colborne Town of Pelham Township of Wainfleet	\$ _ \$_	86,671 29,406 27,858 10,835 154,770	\$ _ \$_	86,671 29,406 27,858 10,835 154,770
4. Accounts payable		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Trade payables and accrued liabilities Payable to City of Welland Payable to City of Port Colborne Payable to Town of Pelham Payable to Township of Wainfleet	\$ _ \$_	29,247 - - 1,129 30,376	\$ 	42,599 14,158 4,803 4,551 1,770 67,881
5. Loans payable	_	2021		2020
Due to the City of Welland, bearing interest of 4.3% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of \$12,123 commencing June 15, 2019, due June 15, 2028. Due to the City of Welland, bearing interest of 3.5% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of	\$	73,653	\$	82,513
\$16,533 commencing June 15, 2018, due June 15, 2027.		89,779		103,022
Due to the City of Port Colborne, bearing interest of 4.3% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of \$4,113 commencing August 24, 2019, due August 24, 2028.		24,788		27,770
Due to the City of Port Colborne, bearing interest of 3.5% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of \$6,012 commencing June 15, 2018, due June 15, 2027.		32,647		37,462
Due to the Town of Pelham, bearing interest of 4.3% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of \$3,897 commencing June 15, 2019, due June 15, 2028.		23,674		26,522
Due to the Town of Pelham, bearing interest of 3.5% per annum repayable in annual blended instalments of \$5,411 commencing June 15, 2018, due June 15, 2027.		29,382		33,716

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<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
9,207	10,314
11.427	13,112
	40,000
334,557 <u>5,870</u>	374,431 <u>6,657</u> \$ 367,774
	9,207 11,427 <u>40,000</u> 334,557

The Canada Emergency Business Account ("CEBA") is a government assistance program implemented by eligible financial institutions in cooperation with Export Development Canada. The CEBA will provide interest free loans of up to \$40,000 to small businesses and not-for-profits, to help cover their operating costs during a period where their revenues have been temporarily reduced by the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. If loan is not fully repaid at December 31, 2022, the loan will bear interest at 5% per annum and will become due December 31, 2025.

Principal repayments on loans payable consist of the following:

2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 and thereafter	\$ 80,577 42,126 43,735 45,406 47,142 69,701	
	\$ <u>328,687</u>	
6. Investments	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Term deposit matured March 5, 2021.	-	29,947
Term deposit, matured March 24, 2021.	-	125,000
Term deposit maturing May 7, 2022, bearing interest at 0.45% per annum.	30,630	-
Term deposit, maturing February 13, 2022, bearing interest at 0.5% per annum.	125,000	<u> </u>
	\$ 155,630	\$ 154,947

December 31, 2021

7.	Accumulated surplus		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Co	nsists of Operating deficit Reserves (Note 8) Investment in tangible capital assets	\$ _ \$_	(55,462) 16,164 <u>1,388,570</u> 1,349,272	\$ (158,422) 16,164 <u>1,436,096</u> 1,293,838
8.	Reserves		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
•	Reserves serves set aside for specific purposes Capital expenditures Balance, beginning of year Funds used to acquire tangible assets	\$	<u>2021</u> 16,164 -	\$ <u>2020</u> 16,164

9. Obligations under capital lease

The Commission has leased tractor equipment under a capital lease. The lease bears interest at 3.9% and is secured with the underlying equipment. Principal and interest payments due in the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Principal		
2021	\$ -	\$ 9,113
2022	9,112	9,113
2023	9,112	9,113
2024	9,112	9,113
2025	7,594	9,112
2026	-	-
Thereafter	 -	
	34,930	45,564
Imputed interest	 (2,303)	 (5,483)
Balance, end of year	\$ 32,627	\$ 40,081

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10. Related party transactions

The Commission is funded by the four nearby municipalities: City of Welland, City of Port Colborne, Town of Pelham and the Township of Wainfleet (Note 3). These four municipalities each have a non-controlling interest in the Commission.

Property taxes of \$46,262 (2020 - \$49,512) were paid to the Town of Pelham. All transactions are in the normal course of operations and are recorded at the exchange value.

11. Contingency

The Commission has filed a lawsuit against three parties for damages arising from costs incurred by the Commission due to a collision between two aircraft owned and piloted by the defendants. Subsequent to year end on January 14, 2022, the claim was settled whereby the Commission expects to be able to receive payment of \$74,000 for damages claimed.

Year ended December 31		2021		2020
Sales	\$_	103,377	\$	77,930
Cost of sales Inventory, beginning of year Purchases	_	15,659 <u>99,530</u> 115,189		25,685 <u>62,948</u> 88,633
Inventory, end of year	-	<u>23,912</u> 91,277	_	<u>15,659</u> 72,974
Net earnings	\$_	12,100	\$	4,956

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Schedule 1 – Schedule of Fuel Operations

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Commission Schedule 2 – Schedule of Tangible Assets Year ended December 31, 2021

	Land	Railways taxiways and aprons	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Infrastructure	Office equipment	2021	2020
Cost Beginning of year Add: additions during the year	\$ 1,048,950 -	40 400	\$ 553,873	4,000	\$ 133,251 -	\$ 2,459 4,473	\$	\$ 3,841,662 56,558
Less: credit received for runway End of year	1,048,950	2,032,944	553,873	147,559	133,251	6,932	3,923,509	3,898,220
Accumulated amortization Beginning of year Add: amortization for the year End of year	- 	1,812,462 <u>54,646</u> <u>1,867,108</u>	429,886 <u>9,984</u> 439,870	13,378	119,919 <u>1,813</u> 121,731	2,459 <u>447</u> <u>2,906</u>	2,422,043 80,269 2,502,312	2,348,799 73,244 2,422,043
Net Book Value of Tangible Capital Assets	\$	\$ 165,836	\$ 114,003	\$ 76,863	\$ 11,520	\$4,026	\$ 1,421,197	\$ 1,476,177